# Total No. of printed pages = 8

### **END SEMESTER EXAMINATION – 2021**

Semester: 5th (New)

Subject Code: Me-502

## INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

Full Marks -70

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

#### **Instructions:**

- 1. All questions of PART A are compulsory.
- 2. Answer any three questions from PART B.

PART - A

Marks - 25

1. Fill in the blanks:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$ 

- (a) The first method invented for project planning was——.
- (b) In Work study, the symbol D implies

[Turn over

- (c) SQC techniques are based on the theory of
- (d) If a worker gets daily wage of Rs. H, then according to Rowan plan, his maximum daily earnings can be———.
- (e) The numbers of measures to define normal distribution is ———.
- 2. Write true or false:

1×5=5

- (a) The critical activity has zero float.
- (b) In normal distribution diagram, the two tails extend indefinitely and never touch the horizontal line.
- (c) In micro-motion study, Therbligs is represented by standard symbol and color.
- (d) A big advantage of PERT over Gantt chart is that, in PERT the interrelationships among activities is clearly shown.
- (e) In Halsey wage incentive plan, a worker is ensured a minimum wage.

- 3. Choose the correct one:
  - (a) Work study is concerned with
    - (i) improving present method and finding standard time
    - (ii) improving production capacity
    - (iii) improving production and control
    - (iv) All of the above
  - (b) Standard time is defined by
    - (i) Normal time + allowances
    - (ii) Normal time + idle time + allowances

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- (iii) Normal time + idle time
- (iv) None of the above
- (c) Gantt charts are used for
  - (i) forecasting sales
  - (ii) production schedule
  - (iii) scheduling and routing
  - (iv) linear programming

- (d) Which is not a wage incentive plan?
  - (i) Rowan plan
- (ii) Emerson plan
- (iii) Halsey plan
- (iv) Taylor plan
- (e) PERT analysis is based on
  - (i) Optimistic time
  - (ii) Pessimistic time
  - (iii) Most likely time
  - (iv) All of the above
- (f) Which one is a Job Evaluation method?
  - (i) Rankine method
  - (ii) Diary method
  - (iii) Check list method
  - (iv) None of the above
- (g) Objective of job evaluation is
  - (i) to ensure correct wages
  - (ii) to reduce work imbalance
  - (iii) to resolve wage disputes
  - (iv) All of the above

(h)	The vertical axis of a Bar Chart represents	
	(i) dimension	(ii) tolerance
	(iii) frequency	(iv) deviations
(i)	In a 'Quality Circle', the number of employees ranges from	
		(ii) 8-10
	(iii) 5 - 10	(iv) 4-12
(j)	Which one is not a control chart?	
	(i) R-chart	(ii) p-chart
	(iii) Xbar-chart	(iv) β-chart
(k)	Time study is carried out to determine the time required to complete the job by	
	(i) a slow worker	
	(ii) a fast worker	
,	(iii) an average worker	
•	(iv) an apprentice	

(1)	The start or completion of task is called	
•	(i) An event (ii) An activity	
	(iii) A duration (iv) A dummy act	
(m)	Motion study involves analysis of	
	(i) actions of operator	
	(ii) layout of work place	
	(iii) tooling and equipment	
	(iv) All of the above	
(n)	PERT has following time estimate	
	(i) one time estimate	
	(ii) two time estimate	
	(iii) three time estimate	
	(iv) four time estimate	
(o)	Actual performance of a task is	
	(i) An event (ii) An activity	
	(iii) A duration (iv) None of these	

# PART – B Marks – 45

- 4. (a) What is a Process Flow Chart in production?
  What are its uses and advantages?
  3+3+3=9
  - (b) What are the main symbols used in Process Flow Chart? Explain at least six of them.
- 5. (a) What is Time Study? What are its advantages? 4+4=8
  - (b) What is the procedure of Time study? Write the names of equipments for Time study.

    4+3=7
- 6. (a) Define Job Evaluation. What are its uses?
  - (b) What are the differences between Job Evaluation and Job Analysis?

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  - (c) Name the different Wage Incentive Plans.

- 7. Write short notes on any three:  $5\times 3=15$ 
  - (a) R-chart
    - (b) Bonus and incentives
    - (c) Therbligs
    - (d) Gantt plan.

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